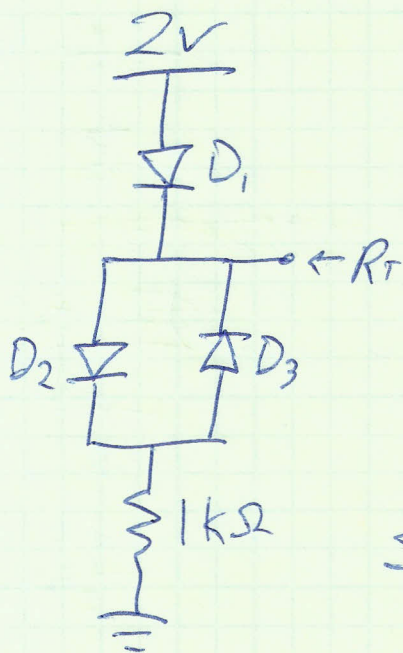


Question 1



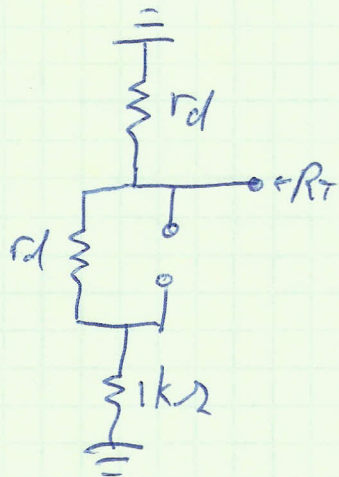
Diodes 1 and 2 are ON

Diode 3 is OFF

$$I_D = \frac{2V - 2 \times 0.7V}{1k} = 0.6mA$$

$$r_d = \frac{nV_T}{I_D} = \frac{2 \times 25mV}{0.6mA} = 83\Omega$$

Small signal circuit:

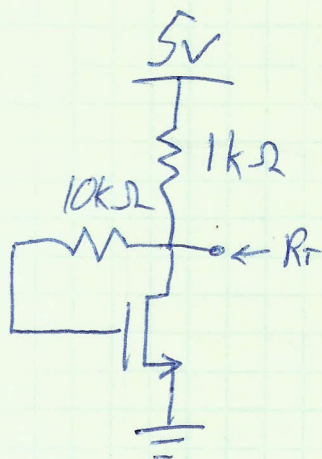


$$R_T = r_d \parallel (r_d + 1k\Omega)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{83} + \frac{1}{1083}}$$

$$R_T = 77\Omega$$

Question 2



$$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$$

$$I_D = \frac{5 - V_{GS}}{1000} = 0.5 \times 10^{-3} (V_{GS} - 1)^2$$

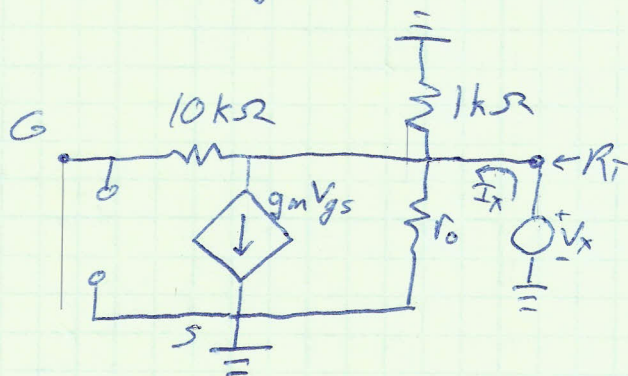
$$10 - 2V_{GS} = V_{GS}^2 - 2V_{GS} + 1$$

$$V_{GS}^2 = 9$$

$$V_{GS} = \underline{3} \text{ or } -3 \leftarrow \text{not physical}$$

$$\underline{I_D = 2 \text{ mA}}$$

Small signal circuit



apply test voltage V_x

$$V_{GS} = V_x$$

$$I_x = \frac{V_x}{1k} + \frac{V_x}{r_o} + V_x g_m$$

$$R_T = 1k \parallel r_o \parallel \frac{1}{g_m}$$

$$g_m = \frac{2I_D}{V_{GS} - V_T} = \frac{2 \times 2 \text{ mA}}{2 \text{ V}} = 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A/V} = \frac{1}{500 \Omega}$$

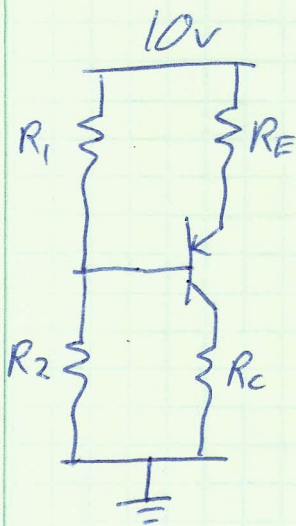
$$V_A = \frac{1}{\lambda} = 20 \text{ V}$$

$$r_o = \frac{V_A + V_{DS}}{I_D} = \frac{20 + 3}{2 \times 10^{-3}} = 11.5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$R_T = 1k\Omega \parallel 11.5k\Omega \parallel 500\Omega$$

$$R_T = 324 \Omega$$

Question 3



- Stable for variations in V_{BE} of $\approx 0.1V$

$$I_E R_E \gg 0.1V$$

$$I_E \approx I_C = 1mA$$

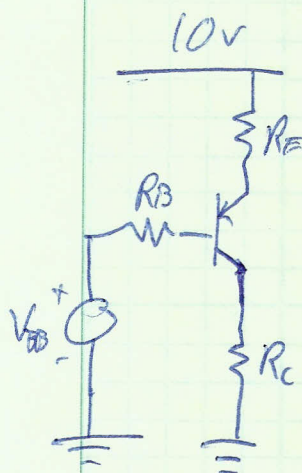
$$1mA \cdot R_E \gg 0.1V$$

$$\text{choose } R_E = 1k\Omega$$

$$I_C (R_C + R_E) + V_{CE} = 10V$$

$$1mA (R_C + 1k\Omega) + 5V = 10V$$

$$\text{choose } R_C = 4k\Omega$$



- Stable for variations in β over 50-200

$$R_B \ll (1 + \beta_{min}) R_E$$

$$R_B \ll 51k\Omega \rightarrow \text{choose } R_B = 5k\Omega$$

$$V_{BB} = 10V - I_E R_E - V_{DO} = 8.3V$$

$$\frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} = 5k\Omega$$

$$\frac{10 \times R_2}{R_1 + R_2} = 8.3V$$

$$\rightarrow R_1 = \frac{10 \times 5k\Omega}{8.3V}$$

$$\text{choose } R_1 = 6k\Omega$$

$$10 \times R_2 = 8.3 (R_1 + R_2)$$

$$R_2 (10 - 8.3) = 8.3 \times 6k\Omega$$

$$\text{choose } R_2 = 29k\Omega$$